NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY THE 8TH DECEMBER 1923.

A total of 185 attacks with 133 deaths from plague was returned for the week against 189 attacks and 171 deaths, during the week previous, the Kolar Gold Fields area and the District of Chitaldrug remaining free from infection. The Bangalore City reported a fatal case of plague while the Mysore City returned 9 attacks and 8 deaths.

2. The State continued to be free from cholera.

3. The total mortality for the Bangalore City amounted to 77 representing a calculated annual ratio of 33·77 per mille of population, against the average ratio of 32·10 for 1922. Classified according to causes, the deaths numbered 1 under plague, 6 under pneumonia, 3 under malaria, 11 under other fevers, 7 under phthisis, 6 under diarrhœa and dysentery and 43 under all other causes.

4. The total mortality for the Mysore City aggregated to 54 representing a calculated annual ratio of 32·25 per mille of population against the average ratio of 21·39 for 1922. The causes of deaths were, plague 8, pneumonia 1, malaria 1, phthisis 3, diarrhœa and dysentery 1, and all other causes 40.

5. A total of 121 attacks with six deaths from influenza was reported for six villages in the Hunsur Taluk.

6. Relapsing fever was reported for one village in the Koratagere Sub-Taluk, and the Kolar Gold Fields area, the total number of attacks and deaths returned during the week being 4 and 1 respectively.

H. B. MYLVAGANAM,
Sanitary Commissioner, Mysore Government.

NOTE ON THE STATE OF PUBLIC HEALTH IN MYSORE FOR THE WEEK ENDING SATURDAY THE 15TH DECEMBER 1923.

A total of 150 attacks with 116 deaths from plague was returned for the week against 185 attacks and 133 deaths during the week previous, the Kolar Gold Fields area and the District of Chitaldrug remaining free from infection. The Mysore City returned 10 attacks and 9 deaths.

2. The State continued to be free from cholera.

3. The total mortality for the Bangalore City amounted to 68, representing a calculated annual ratio of 29·82 per mille of population against the average ratio of 32·10 for 1922. Classified according to causes the deaths numbered 3 under pneumonia, 6 under malaria, 5 under other fevers, 6 under phthisis 8 under dysentery and diarrhœa and 40 under all other causes.

4. The total mortality for the Mysore City aggregated to 39, representing a calculated annual ratio of 24·15 per mille of population against the average ratio of 21·39 for 1922. The causes of deaths were plague 9, pneumonia 3, malaria 2, other fevers 3, phthisis 1, dysentery and diarrhœa 3 and all other causes 18.

5. There were no cases of influenza reported during the week.

6. A total of 8 attacks with 2 deaths from relapsing fever was reported for one village in the Koratagere Sub-Taluk and the Kolar Gold Fields area.

H. B. MYLVAGANAM,
Sanitary Commissioner.